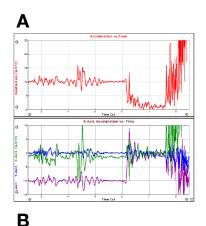
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MATCH GAME

Match Acceleration Traces to Amusement Park Rides



Rides at an amusement park may be differentiated by the pattern of accelerations to which a rider is subjected. This acceleration experience, coupled with height, speed, and the unknown, is unique to each ride. Use your knowledge of accelerations and your familiarity with the rides to

match the accelerations experienced on a ride with its name. The 'feel' of each ride is different, but the acceleration pattern may look similar. Think carefully

Linear acceleration is a straight-line acceleration quite often experienced when a ride begins and ends. This may also be felt when a brake is applied during the course of a ride, such as on a roller coaster, to control the maximum speed.

Centripetal acceleration is due to circular motion and quite often causes a rider to experience a force from the outer side of the car. This is found on circular rides, but also can be found on roller coasters going around a curve or a turn-around.

Earth's gravitational acceleration (1-g) is 9.8 m/s2. The accelerations in these data plots were measured with an accelerometer (and thus reference frame) attached to the rider's body.

The X-axis is along the rider's spine with positive being downward.

The Y-axis is along the rider's left arm with positive being outward. The Z-axis completes a right-handed coordinate system and is perpendicular to the rider's chest with positive being forward.

The resultant acceleration is the vector (root-sum-square) of the three individual axes.



Chaos is an unusual ride because the rider experiences accelerations in random directions, magnitudes and times. Chaos is a circular ride that starts with riders facing outward. Each two-seat car has a sideways axis allowing 360 degrees of rotation. The ride rotates, causing the riders to move sideways at after spinning upward, the ride's major axis is tilted.

2 - DEMON DROP

The Demon Drop is a free-fall ride where a carriage holding four riders travels vertically up a tower, moves horizontally about 3 meters, is suspended for a few seconds, and then drops with the acceleration of gravity. The free-fall motion is straight down until a smooth transition to horizontal motion is accomplished and brakes are applied.

3 - MAGNUM XL-200

The Magnum roller coaster is an out-and-back track design with a banked, dog-bone turn-around. It has a very tall first hill and tall second hill, plus numerous shorter hills.

4 - POWER TOWER

The Power Tower is another free-fall ride with four independent carriages. Each carriage has twelve seats facing outward from the support tower. Two of the four carriages (UP) blast the riders upward with a momentary thrust. At the top of the tower, the carriage is released for a moderate free-fall. As the carriage

descends, it bounces several times against compressed air pistons.

The other two carriages (DOWN) slowly raise riders to the top of the tower, pause at the top for a few seconds, and then are released in a fast free-fall. The carriage also bounces several times against compressed air pistons after its

On which carriage was the rider sitting to reflect the data shown here?

5- WICKED TWISTER

The Wicked Twister is a back and forth linear roller coaster with two vertical ends and a track that twists 450 degrees. Riders start in the station in the middle of the track and are suddenly accelerated forward and then up the front vertical hill. After coasting to a stop, the coaster falls backward down the front hill, accelerates again through the station, and finally rises backwards up the back vertical hill. After completing five trips up the hills, the coaster is brought to a stop in the station.

6- SCRAMBLER

This ride has a set of cars arranged in a circular fashion. Each set of cars rotate together around a vertical axis. Each axis (along with the axes of the other sets of cars) is rotated around a central vertical axis. When the ride is at operational speed, an individual car performs a cycloid-type motion. The Calypso is similar to the Scrambler, but the axes of rotation are tilted with respect to gravity.

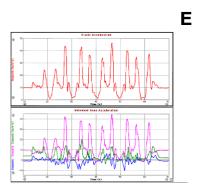
7- WITCHES WHEEL

The Witches' Wheel is a circular ride with cars suspended below a rotational axis, which allows each car to swing freely from side to side. When the ride is moving at a high rate of speed, the cars swing outward due to centripetal acceleration. The central axis of rotation is then tilted until it is nearly horizontal. Centripetal force is strong enough to keep the cars outward from their rotational axis, which periodically positions each car (and its riders) upside

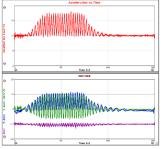
8 - OCEAN MOTION

The Ocean Motion is a pendulum ride with a large boat holding about 50 riders that is suspended below its horizontal axis. Motors push the boat back and forth until it is swinging at about 90 degrees end-to-end.

For the data shown here, where was the rider sitting in the boat?







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